## SHRUB PROGRAM



EXISTING SHRUBS

## **SOIL BUILDING & NUTRIENT REPAIR**

There are many reasons a shrub will get stressed, but the very first thing to look at is the soil!

- 1. Pull mulch away from root zone areas of the shrub. A shrub's roots will spread out from the truck to the width of its branches, which is called the drip line.
- 2. For most shrubs you will want to use **Complete<sup>™</sup> 6-4-4** & **HuMagic<sup>®</sup> Granular**.
- 3. For acid loving shrubs, like Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Blueberries, Hydrangeas, etc., you will want to use **Organobloom**<sup>™</sup> **5-2-4** & **HuMagic**<sup>®</sup> **Granular**.
- For continual-flowering shrubs, such as Roses , you will want to use Bouquet<sup>™</sup>
  4-8-4 & HuMagic<sup>®</sup> Granular.
- 5. Apply our Organic Fertilizer of choice & **HuMagic® Granular** throughout the root zone, including the drip line area. Mix well into the top several inches of soil. .

<b>Complete</b> 6-4-4:	APPLY AT 1/2 CUP PER FOOT OF SHRUB HEIGHT
<b>&gt; Organobloom</b> <sup>™</sup> 5-2-4:	OR WIDTH, WHICHEVER IS GREATER
<b>&gt; Bouquet</b> <sup>™</sup> 4-8-4:	(1/2 CUP FERTILIZER OF YOUR CHOICE + 1/2 CUP HUMAGIC-PER FOOT HEIGHT OR WIDTH)
🏲 HuMagic® Granular:	

- 6. Replace the mulch removed prior to fertilizing.
- 7. Fertilize in the Spring when shrubs are ready to initiate first growth, and again mid-way during its growing season. In poor soils, an additional application of fertilizer may be applied.
- 8. For Roses, fertilize in the Spring when Rose initiates its first buds, mid-way during it's blooming season, and again at end of blooming.

**NOTE:** Most "mulches" are not "composts" and therefore not fully composted. They can pull nitrogen out of the soil that is needed for healthy tree growth. Additional nitrogen, or a heavier application of fertilizer may be needed if using chunkier, less composted mulches.

9. During the growing season water monthly with **HuMagic® Liquid**.

HuMagic® Liquid: Apply at 2 to 4 oz per Gallon of Water